DATE SUBMITTED

3/10/2023

SUBMITTED BY

DATE ACTION REQUIRED

СМО

3/15/2023

Agenda Item No. <u>E</u>

IMPERIAL CITY COUNCIL AGENDA ITEM

SUBJECT: CONSENT: Acceptance of Municipal Audit for Fiscal Year 2020-2021						
DEPARTMENT INVOLVED: Finance Department						
BACKGROUND/SUMMARY: Whereas the City of Imperial's Audit for FY 20-21. Please see the attached staff report and au	s auditors Moss, Levy & dit for additional informa	Hartzhiem have con ation.	npleted the Municipal			
FISCAL IMPACT:		ADMIN SERV INITIALS	7			
STAFF RECOMMENDATION:		DEPT. INITIALS				
MANAGER'S RECOMMENDATION: Accept the FY 21 Au	dit as presented	CITY MANAGER`s INITIALS	012-11			
MOTION:						
SECONDED: AYES: NAYES: ABSENT:	APPROVED DISAPPROV REFERRED	/ED ()	REJECTED () DEFERRED ()			

CITY OF IMPERIAL

Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

CITY OF IMPERIAL, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

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PARTNERS RONALD A LEVY, CPA CRAIG A HARTZHEIM, CPA HADLEY Y HUI, CPA ALEXANDER C HOM, CPA ADAM V GUISE, CPA TRAVIS J HOLE, CPA COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTING & TAX SERVICES 9465 WILSHIRE BLVD., 3RD FLOOR BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90212 TEL: 310.273.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES 5800 HANNUM AVE., SUITE E CULVER CITY, CA 90230 TEL: 310.670.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Members of the City Council of the City of Imperial Imperial, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Imperial, California (City) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Imperial, California, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 15 of the notes to the financial statements, in January 2020, the World Health Organization has declared COVID-19 to constitute a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern." Given the uncertainty of the situation, the duration of any financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – General Fund, Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, and Schedule of Pension Contributions on pages 59 through 61 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America also requires that the management's discussion and analysis, and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – LTA Measure D Special Revenue Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. However, such information was not presented.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Imperial's basic financial statements. The Combining Financial Statements for the Nonmajor Governmental Funds listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Financial Statements for the Nonmajor Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 1, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mars, Leng & Abatisterin

Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP Culver City, California February 1, 2023

CITY OF IMPERIAL Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

		Governmental Activities		usiness-type Activities		Total
Assets:						
Cash and Investments	\$	16,224,529	\$	16,978,449	\$	33,202,978
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent				8,248,748		8,248,748
Accounts Receivable		1,117,793		1,300,639		2,418,432
Interest Receivable		2,391		2,471		4,862
Notes Receivable		1,555,917				1,555,917
Inventory				35,842		35,842
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		3,329,400		19,826,996		23,156,396
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		25,592,096		13,071,908		38,664,004
Total Assets		47,822,126		59,465,053		107,287,179
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Pension related		1,304,867		218,306		1,523,173
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,304,867		218,306		1,523,173
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		426,219		475,651		901,870
Deposits Payable		1,461,346		784,006		2,245,352
Noncurrent Liabilities:		, ,		,		, ,
Net Pension Liability		3,835,614		1,042,593		4,878,207
Due Within One Year		, ,		1,486,354		1,486,354
Due in More Than One Year		496,203		32,255,640		32,751,843
Total Liabilities		6,219,382		36,044,244		42,263,626
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Pension related		21,829		5,934		27,763
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		21,829		5,934		27,763
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		28,921,496		7,473,742		36,395,238
Restricted for:						a 10 a 60 a
Parks and Recreation		2,192,607				2,192,607
Public Works		5,441,485				5,441,485
Public Safety		1,280,674				1,280,674
Community Development		3,006,622				3,006,622
Unrestricted	_	2,042,898		16,159,439	-	18,202,337
Total Net Position	\$	42,885,782	\$	23,633,181	\$	66,518,963

CITY OF IMPERIAL

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Program Revenues								
Functions		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	2,627,165	\$	3,110,936	\$	1,967,676	\$	-	
Public Safety		5,335,163		155,481		890,244			
Community Development		1,044,666		8,950				423,058	
Public Works		4,827,934		765,675		1,037,329		1,107,296	
Parks and Recreation		1,145,287		595,077				50,000	
Total Governmental Activities		14,980,215		4,636,119		3,895,249		1,580,354	
Business-type Activities:									
Water		4,871,072		6,304,471					
Sewer		5,111,988		6,866,142					
Total Business-type Activities		9,983,060		13,170,613					
Total Primary Government	\$	24,963,275	\$	17,806,732	\$	3,895,249	\$	1,580,354	

General Revenues:

Taxes: Property Taxes Sales and Use Taxes Business License Taxes Transient Occupancy Taxes Franchise Taxes Other Taxes Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures Use of Money and Property Other Revenue **Transfers**

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in net position

Net Position - Beginning of Fiscal Year

Prior Period Adjustments

Net Position - Beginning of Fiscal Year (restated)

Net Position - End of Fiscal Year

ivel	(Expenses) Rev	-	5 III .	
0		Business-		
G	overnmental	type		
	Activities	 Activities	Total	
\$	2,451,447	\$-	\$	2,451,447
	(4,289,438)			(4,289,438)
	(612,658)			(612,658)
	(1,917,634)			(1,917,634)
	(500,210)			(500,210)
	(4,868,493)	 		(4,868,493)
		1,433,399		1,433,399
		 1,754,154		1,754,154
	(1.0.(0.402))	 3,187,553		3,187,553
	(4,868,493)	 3,187,553		(1,680,940)
	1,781,920			1,781,920
	4,183,417			4,183,417
	63,056			63,056
	70,468			70,468
	340,630			340,630
	39,100			39,100
	10,064			10,064
	144,684			144,684
	84,633	19,046		103,679
	748,001			748,001
	(24,790)	 24,790		
	7,441,183	 43,836		7,485,019
	2,572,690	 3,231,389		5,804,079
	41,143,381	20,401,792		61,545,173
	(830,289)	 		(830,289)
	40,313,092	 20,401,792		60,714,884
\$	42,885,782	\$ 23,633,181	\$	66,518,963

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

CITY OF IMPERIAL Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		_	Special Revenue			
		General	N	LTA Aeasure D		Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:	•		¢		•	
Cash and Investments	\$	4,191,405	\$	2,394,803	\$	9,638,321
Accounts Receivable		1,024,271		• • •		93,522
Interest Receivable		864		349		1,178
Loan Receivable Due from Other Funds		025.000				1,555,917
Total Assets	¢	935,886	¢	2 205 152	¢	11 200 020
Total Assets	\$	6,152,426	\$	2,395,152	\$	11,288,938
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	206,741	\$	218,416	\$	1,062
Deposits Payable		1,461,346				
Due to Other Funds						935,886
Total Liabilities		1,668,087		218,416		936,948
Deferred Inflows of Resources::						
Loans Related					_	1,555,917
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						1,555,917
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,668,087		218,416		2,492,865
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Community Development						3,006,622
Public Safety						1,280,674
Public Works				2,176,736		3,264,749
Parks and Recreation						2,165,259
Unassigned		4,484,339				(921,231)
Total Fund Balances		4,484,339		2,176,736		8,796,073
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	6,152,426	\$	2,395,152	\$	11,288,938

Go	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	16,224,529 1,117,793 2,391			
\$	1,555,917 935,886 19,836,516			
\$	426,219 1,461,346 935,886			
	2,823,451			
	1,555,917 1,555,917			
	4,379,368			
	3,006,622 1,280,674 5,441,485 2,165,259 3,563,108			
\$	15,457,148 19,836,516			

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CITY OF IMPERIAL Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 15,457,148
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the states all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depr	A	
Capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 56,895,209 (27,973,713)	28,921,496
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In g inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources re	y are applicable to future periods. In the	
Deferred outflows related to pension Deferred inflows related to pension		1,304,867 (21,829)
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the st including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities re- consist of:		
Net pension liability		(3,835,614)
Compensated absences payable		(496,203)
Certain notes receivable are not available to pay for current period ex by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	xpenditures and, therefore, are offset	1,555,917
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 42,885,782

CITY OF IMPERIAL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance **Governmental Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Spe	cial Revenue		
			LTA		onmajor vernmental
	 General		leasure D		Funds
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 1,781,920	\$	-	\$	-
Sales and Use Taxes	4,183,417		1,037,329		
Business License Taxes	63,056				
Transient Occupancy Tax	70,468				
Other Taxes	39,100				
Licenses and Permits	10,064				
Fines and Forfeitures	144,684				
Use of Money and Property	5,104		3,757		75,772
Charges for Services	3,014,175				1,630,944
Intergovernmental	2,152,698		190,957		2,112,967
Franchise Tax	340,630				
Other	 684,985		63,000		16
Total Revenues	 12,490,301		1,295,043		3,819,699
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government	1,961,750				
Public Safety	4,321,185				268,217
Public Works	2,552,249		971,440		519,355
Parks and Recreation	934,877		<i>J</i> /1, 1 +0		210,410
Community Development	790,083				254,583
Capital Outlay	180,932		902,719		234,383 594,646
Total Expenditures	 10,741,076		1,874,159		1,847,211
Total Experiences	 10,741,070		1,074,155		1,047,211
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over					
(under) Expenditures	 1,749,225		(579,116)		1,972,488
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	835,131				640,054
Transfers Out	 		(1,021,933)		(478,042)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 835,131		(1,021,933)	·	162,012
Net Change in Fund Balances	 2,584,356		(1,601,049)		2,134,500
Fund Balances - July 1, 2020	2,730,272		3,777,785		6,661,573
Prior Period Adjustments	 (830,289)				
Fund Balances - July 1, 2020, Restated	 1,899,983		3,777,785		6,661,573
Fund Balances - June 30, 2021	\$ 4,484,339	\$	2,176,736	\$	8,796,073

Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	1,781,920 5,220,746 63,056 70,468 39,100 10,064 144,684 84,633 4,645,119 4,456,622 340,630 748,001 17,605,043
	1,961,750 $4,589,402$ $4,043,044$ $1,145,287$ $1,044,666$ $1,678,297$ $14,462,446$
	3,142,597 1,475,185
	(1,473,183 (1,499,975) (24,790)
	3,117,807 13,169,630
	(830,289) 12,339,341
\$	15,457,148

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CITY OF IMPERIAL

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 3,117,807		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the stateme of activities, the costs of those capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depre in the current period.	ıl lives		
Capital outlay	\$	1,609,523	
Depreciation expense		(2,059,412)	(449,889)
Certain notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures and then, offset by a deferred inflow of resources, as they are not available to pay curren Likewise, when the note is collected, it is reflected in revenue. This is the net chang between notes receivable collected and issued.	nt expe	enditures.	(27,348)
Compensated absence expenditures reported in the statement of activities do not req the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in a governmental fund. This is the net change in compensated absences for the	-		
current period.			50,700
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions a statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. In addition Fiduciary Net Postion and Total Pension Liability are deferred inflows and outflows This is the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions of the function of the function of the function of the statement of the s	n, char s and a	nges in amortized.	
amortization of deferred inflows and outflows in the current fiscal year.			 (118,580)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 2,572,690

CITY OF IMPERIAL Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds			
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total	
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,244,836	\$ 7,733,613	\$ 16,978,449	
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	7,244,448	1,004,300	8,248,748	
Accounts Receivable	693,511	607,128	1,300,639	
Interest Receivable	1,349	1,122	2,471	
Inventory	35,842		35,842	
Total Current Assets	17,219,986	9,346,163	26,566,149	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Land	99,357	179,040	278,397	
Machinery and Equipment	4,821,513	1,754,508	6,576,021	
Infrastructure	25,644,172	21,308,740	46,952,912	
Construction In Progress		19,548,599	19,548,599	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(21,438,104)	(19,018,921)	(40,457,025)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,126,938	23,771,966	32,898,904	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Pension Related	132,881	85,425	218,306	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	132,881	85,425	218,300	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	26,479,805	33,203,554	59,683,359	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:	110 550	262 101	175 (51	
Accounts Payable	113,550	362,101	475,651	
Deposits Payable	449,777	334,229	784,006	
Long Term Debt - Due within One Year Total Current Liabilities	719,200	767,154	1,486,354	
Total Current Liabilities	1,282,527	1,463,484	2,746,011	
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences	53,614	14,470	68,084	
Net Pension Liability	634,620	407,973	1,042,593	
Due in More Than One Year	12,162,264	20,025,292	32,187,556	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	12,850,498	20,447,735	33,298,233	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Pension Related	3,612	2,322	5,934	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,612	2,322	5,934	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,136,637	21,913,541	36,050,178	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,489,922	3,983,820	7,473,742	
Unrestricted	8,853,246	7,306,193	16,159,439	
Total Net Position	\$ 12,343,168	\$ 11,290,013	\$ 23,633,181	

CITY OF IMPERIAL Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise funds				
		Water Fund		Sewer Fund	 Total
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	6,865,190	\$	6,304,108	\$ 13,169,298
Other Operating Revenue		952		363	1,315
Total Operating Revenues		6,866,142		6,304,471	 13,170,613
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel		1,409,914		974,859	2,384,773
Administrative		542,826		797,503	1,340,329
Materials and Supplies		852,853		758,208	1,611,061
Maintenance		604,431		386,787	991,218
Depreciation		1,281,358		1,214,322	2,495,680
Total Operating Expenses		4,691,382		4,131,679	 8,823,061
Operating Income		2,174,760		2,172,792	 4,347,552
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Interest Revenue		9,827		9,219	19,046
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(420,606)		(739,393)	(1,159,999)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)		(410,779)		(730,174)	 (1,140,953)
Income (Loss) before transfers		1,763,981		1,442,618	 3,206,599
Transfers					
Transfers In				4,255,306	4,255,306
Transfers Out		(8,177)		(4,222,339)	(4,230,516)
Total Transfers		(8,177)		32,967	 24,790
Change in Net Position		1,755,804		1,475,585	3,231,389
Net Position - Beginning of Fiscal Year		10,587,364		9,814,428	 20,401,792
Net Position - End of Fiscal Year	\$	12,343,168	\$	11,290,013	\$ 23,633,181

CITY OF IMPERIAL STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Water Sever Totals CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Revived from Usern Cash Provinets in Singhiers and Contractors \$ 6,830,811 \$ 6,231,177 \$ 13,061,988 Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities 3,600,601 1.968,966 5,559,557 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfors Out (8,177) 32,967 24,790 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities (8,177) 32,967 24,790 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfors Out (1,400,99) 8,097 23,006 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities (1,500,223) (1,1048,382) (1,4308,603) Interest Revived 14,909 8,097 23,006 (1,200,223) (1,4308,603) Net Cash Provided (Used) In Investing Activities (1,500,223) (1,4308,603) (1,4308,603) Printerst Piant, and Equipment (1,700,223) (1,4308,603) (1,200,200) Interest Right Print CREASE (DFCREASE) IN CASH AND CASH 20,2005 (1,2430,201) 37,320,051 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPETAL AND RELATED FINANCING C1,101,2120 (14,4308,603) (1,2171,21217)		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Funds	
Cash Received from Uses \$ 6,330,811 \$ 6,231,11 \$ 6,231,11 \$ 6,231,11 \$ 6,231,117,277 Cash Payments to Suppler and Contractors $(2,273,350)$ $(2,174,293)$ $(2,273,459)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities $3,600,601$ $1,968,966$ $5,569,567$ CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: $1,296,966$ $4,255,306$ $4,255,306$ Transfers In (8,177) $4,222,339$ $(4,220,319)$ $(4,220,319)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities (8,177) $32,967$ $23,006$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest Received 14,909 $8,097$ $23,006$ Net Cash Provided (Used) In Investing Activities 14,909 $8,097$ $23,006$ CASH FLOWS FROM LAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING $(1,760,223)$ $(13,048,382)$ $(14,608,605)$ Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment $(1,760,223)$ $(14,505,158)$ $(12,200,60)$ Interest Paid (12,604,392) $(14,515,188)$ $(17,710,217)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) In Capital and Related $(3,195,029)$ $(14,515,188)$. <u> </u>	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers for Transfers for 4.255,306 4.255,306 Transfers Out (8,177) (4.220,519) (4.230,516) Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities (8,177) 32,967 24,790 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest Received 14,909 8,097 23,006 Net Cash Provided (Used) in Investing Activities 14,009 8,097 23,006 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment (950,000) (11,048,382) (14,808,605) Principal Payments on Debl Borrowings (1,760,223) (13,048,382) (14,808,605) Interest Paid (1,760,223) (14,0148,382) (14,808,605) Net Cash Provided (Used) in Capital and Related Financing Activities (3,195,029) (14,515,188) (17,710,217) NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 412,304 (12,092,854) (2,243,071) 37,320,051 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, EDG INFIG OF FISCAL YEAR 5 (6,489,284 \$ 8,737,913 \$ 2,5227,197 Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent \$ 1,6489,284 \$ 8,737,913	Cash Received from Users Cash Payments to Suppliers and Contractors	\$	(1,842,331)	\$	(3,275,396)	\$	(5,117,727)
Transfers In 4.255,306 4.255,306 Transfers Out (8,177) (4,222,339) (4,230,516) Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities (8,177) 32,967 24,790 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 14,909 8,097 23,006 Interest Received 14,909 8,097 23,006 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: (1,760,223) (13,048,382) (14,808,605) Annext Paid (1,760,223) (13,048,382) (14,808,605) (1,620,000) (1,620,000) Interest Read (1,760,223) (14,515,188) (1,710,217) (1,710,217) Net Cash Provided (Used) In Capital and Related (3,195,029) (14,515,188) (12,710,217) Net INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH 412,304 (12,505,158) (12,02,854) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR 16,676,980 21,243,071 37,320,051 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR 5 6,439,284 5 7,733,613 5 25,227,197 Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: 2 2,174,760 5 2,172,792 5 <	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		3,600,601		1,968,966		5,569,567
$ \begin{array}{c c} CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest Received \\ I14,009 & 8,097 & 23,006 \\ \hline \\ Net Cash Provided (Used) in Investing Activities \\ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment $	Transfers In		(8,177)				
Interest Received 14,909 8,097 23,006 Net Cash Provided (Used) in Investing Activities 14,909 8,097 23,006 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: 14,909 8,097 23,006 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: (13,048,382) (14,808,605) Principal Payments on Debt Borrowings (950,000) (670,000) (1,620,000) Interest Paid (484,806) (796,806) (1,281,612) Net Cash Provided (Used) In Capital and Related Financing Activities (14,515,188) (17,710,217) NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 412,304 (12,505,158) (12,092,854) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR 16,076,980 21,243,071 37,320,051 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR \$ 16,489,284 \$ 8,737,913 \$ 2,52,27,197 Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and Investments \$ 9,244,836 \$ 7,733,613 \$ 16,978,449 Cash HLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income \$ 2,174,760 \$ 2,172,792 \$ 4,347,552 Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Accomts Payable 56,136 <	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities		(8,177)		32,967		24,790
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment Principal Payments on Debt Borrowings(1,760,223) (13,048,382)(14,808,605) (790,000)Interest Paid(1,760,223) (14,020,000)(1,200,000) (1,200,000)(1,200,000)Interest Paid(1,215,188)(17,710,217)Net Cash Provided (Used) In Capital and Related Financing Activities(3,195,029)(14,515,188)(17,710,217)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS(12,505,158)(12,092,854)(12,092,854)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR16,076,98021,243,07137,320,051CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR516,489,284\$8,737,913\$2,5227,197CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR59,244,836\$7,733,613\$16,978,449Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent 5 9,214,236\$7,733,613\$16,978,449Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent 5 2,174,760\$2,172,792\$4,347,552Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to NC Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation1,281,3581,214,3222,495,680Charges in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Payable1,281,358(1,244,92)(1,310,788)Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Related Deferred Outflows1,01,64331,0221,35669Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Rayable1,01,64334,026135,6691,356,69			14,909		8,097		23,006
ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment $(1,760,223)$ $(13,048,382)$ $(14,808,605)$ Principal Payments on Debt Borrowings $(950,000)$ $(670,000)$ $(1,281,612)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) In Capital and Related $(3,195,029)$ $(14,515,188)$ $(17,710,217)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) In Capital and Related $(3,195,029)$ $(14,515,188)$ $(17,710,217)$ NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH $412,304$ $(12,505,158)$ $(12,092,854)$ CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR $16,076,980$ $21,243,071$ $37,320,051$ CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR 5 $16,489,284$ $8,7737,913$ 5 $25,227,197$ Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: 5 $9,244,836$ $7,733,613$ 5 $16,978,449$ Cash and Investments 5 $9,244,836$ $8,737,913$ 5 $25,227,197$ CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: $9,244,836$ 5 $7,733,613$ 5 $2,5227,197$ CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: 0 $9,244,836$ $1,214,322$ $2,495,680$ Charges in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities,	Net Cash Provided (Used) in Investing Activities		14,909		8,097		23,006
Financing Activities $(3,195,029)$ $(14,515,188)$ $(17,710,217)$ NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS $412,304$ $(12,505,158)$ $(12,092,854)$ CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR $16,076,980$ $21,243,071$ $37,320,051$ CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR $16,076,980$ $21,243,071$ $37,320,051$ Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and Investments $$9,244,836$ $$7,733,613$ $$$16,978,449$ Cash and Investments $$9,244,836$ $$7,733,613$ $$$16,978,449$ Cash and Investments $$9,244,488$ $$1.004,300$ $$8,248,748$ Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent $$2,5,227,197$ $$2,5,227,197$ CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation $$1,281,358$ $$1,214,322$ $$2,495,680$ Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows: (Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Receivable $$(3,207)$ $$(28,183)$ $$(3,139)$ Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable $$5,136$ $$(3,207)$ $$(28,183)$ $$(3,139)$ Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Related Deferred Outflows $$1,023,204$ $$(29,490)$ $$(7,536)$ Increase (Decrease in Pension Related Deferred Outflows $$1,01,643$ $$4,026$ $$132,669$ Increase (Decrease in Dension Related Deferred Outflows $$1,01,643$ $$4,026$ $$1222,015$ Increase (Decrease in Dension Related Deferred Outflows $$1,01,643$ $$4,026$ $$1222,015$ Incr	ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment Principal Payments on Debt Borrowings		(950,000)		(670,000)		(1,620,000)
EQUIVALENTS $412,304$ $(12,505,158)$ $(12,092,854)$ CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR $16,076,980$ $21,243,071$ $37,320,051$ CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR $\$$ $16,076,980$ $21,243,071$ $37,320,051$ Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and Investments $\$$ $9,244,836$ $\$$ $7,733,613$ $\$$ $16,978,449$ Cash and Investments $\$$ $9,244,448$ $1.004,300$ $\$,248,748$ $\$,248,748$ Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent $\$$ $$2,174,760$ $\$$ $21,172,792$ $\$$ $4,347,552$ CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income $$$2,174,760$ $\$$ $2,172,792$ $\$$ $4,347,552$ Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Decrease in Accounts Receivable $1,281,358$ $1,214,322$ $2,495,680$ Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows: (Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences 			(3,195,029)		(14,515,188)		(17,710,217)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR§ $16,489,284$ § $8,737,913$ § $25,227,197$ Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and Investments Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent\$ $9,244,836$ \$ $7,733,613$ \$ $16,978,449$ Cash and Investments Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent\$ $9,244,836$ \$ $7,733,613$ \$ $16,978,449$ CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation\$ $2,174,760$ \$ $2,172,792$ \$ $4,347,552$ Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation $1,281,358$ $1,214,322$ $2,495,680$ Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable $(35,331)$ $(73,294)$ $(108,625)$ Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences $(3,207)$ $(28,183)$ $(31,390)$ Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Related Deferred Outflows Increase (Decrease) in Pension Related Deferred Outflows Increase (Decrease) in Pension Related Deferred Inflows $(45,873)$ $(29,490)$ $(75,363)$ Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Payable $1,425,841$ $(203,826)$ $1,222,015$			412,304		(12,505,158)		(12,092,854)
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash and Investments Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent\$ 9,244,836 $7,244,448$ 7,733,613 $10,04,300$ \$ 16,978,449 $8,248,748$ CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation\$ 2,174,760 $1,281,358$ \$ 2,172,792 $2,172,792$ \$ 4,347,552Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Increase Decrease in Accounts Receivable1,281,3581,214,3222,495,680Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences (Increase) Decrease in Pension Related Deferred Outflows Increase (Decrease) in Pension Related Deferred Outflows (Increase) Decrease in Pension Related Deferred Outflows (Increase) Decrease in Pension Related Deferred Inflows: (Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Payable Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Payable1,425,841 Increase (203,826)1,222,015	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR		16,076,980		21,243,071		37,320,051
Cash and Investments\$9,244,836\$7,733,613\$16,978,449Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent $$7,244,4481,004,3008,248,748$16,489,284$8,737,913$25,227,197CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:Operating Income$2,174,760$2,172,792$4,347,552Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Incometo Net Cash Provided by OperatingActivities:Depreciation1,281,3581,214,3222,495,680Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows:(Increase Decrease) in Accounts Receivable(35,331)(73,294)(108,625)Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences(3,207)(28,183)(31,300)(31,300)Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability54,08234,76888,850(Increase (Decrease) in Pension Related Deferred Outflows17,03310,94927,982Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Payable101,64334,026135,669Total Adjustments1,425,841(203,826)1,222,015$	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR	\$	16,489,284	\$	8,737,913	\$	25,227,197
Operating Income\$ 2,174,760\$ 2,172,792\$ 4,347,552Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:1,281,3581,214,3222,495,680Depreciation1,281,3581,214,3222,495,680Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable(35,331)(73,294)(108,625)Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Receivable56,136(1,366,924)(1,310,788)Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences(3,207)(28,183)(31,390)Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability54,08234,76888,850(Increase) Decrease) in Pension Related Deferred Outflows17,03310,94927,982Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Payable101,64334,026135,669Total Adjustments1,425,841(203,826)1,222,015	Cash and Investments		7,244,448		1,004,300		8,248,748
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation 1,281,358 1,214,322 2,495,680 Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (35,331) (73,294) (108,625) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable 56,136 (1,366,924) (1,310,788) Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences (3,207) (28,183) (31,390) Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability 54,082 34,768 88,850 (Increase) Decrease in Pension Related Deferred Outflows 17,033 10,949 27,982 Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Rayable 101,643 34,026 135,669 Total Adjustments 1,425,841 (203,826) 1,222,015		\$	2,174,760	\$	2,172,792	\$	4,347,552
	to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability (Increase) Decrease in Pension Related Deferred Outflows Increase (Decrease) in Pension Related Deferred Inflows		(35,331) 56,136 (3,207) 54,082 17,033 (45,873)		(73,294) (1,366,924) (28,183) 34,768 10,949 (29,490)		(108,625) (1,310,788) (31,390) 88,850 27,982 (75,363)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities \$ 3,600,601 \$ 1,968,966 \$ 5,569,567	Total Adjustments		1,425,841		(203,826)		1,222,015
	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	3,600,601	\$	1,968,966	\$	5,569,567

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for the receipt and disbursement of various taxes, deposits, deductions, and property collected by the City, acting in the capacity of an agent for distribution to other governmental units or other organizations. The agency fund and private purpose trust fund maintained by the City is presented below.

Agency Fund - This fund holds assets and liabilities for CFDs.

RDA Successor Agency - This fund accounts for the former redevelopment agency.

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CITY OF IMPERIAL FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust Fund RDA Successor Agency			Agency Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent Accounts receivable Interest receivable Loans receivable Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	2,912,055 183,554 425 501,073 311,012	\$	3,385,971
Total Assets		3,908,119	\$	3,385,971
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Deposits payable Long-term debt, due within one year Long-term debt, due in more than one year	\$	183,554 - 795,000 16,870,000	\$	3,385,971
Total Liabilities		17,848,554	\$	3,385,971
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for others Total Net Position	\$	(13,940,435) (13,940,435)		

CITY OF IMPERIAL FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust Fund RDA Successor Agency		
Additions:	\$	2 224 287	
Intergovernmental Interest	ۍ 	2,234,387 2,375	
Total additions		2,236,762	
Deductions:			
Interest Expense		653,703	
Contribution to City		250,000	
Total deductions		903,703	
Change in net position		1,333,059	
Net Position - July 1, 2020		(15,273,494)	
Net Position - June 30, 2021	\$	(13,940,435)	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Imperial is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member City Council who, in turn, elects one of its members to serve as the Mayor. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the City. The blended component units have a June 30 fiscal year end to coincide with the City's.

Blended Component Units. In May 1994, the Imperial Financing Authority (Authority) was formed in order to provide a funding vehicle for necessary street improvements within the City. The governing board of the Imperial Financing Authority is the City Council, and the City Manager acts as Executive Director. A separate financial report is not being issued for the Imperial Financing Authority. The activity of the Authority is reported within the General Fund of the City.

The Imperial Community Facilities District (District) was formed in order to provide funding for necessary community development projects within the City. The City currently has six separate Districts: 2004-1 Victoria, 2004-2 Mayfield, 2004-3 Bratton, 2005-1 Springfield, 2006-Monterrey Park, and 2006-2 Savannah Ranch.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and; therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds; each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues from *Nonoperating*, such as charges for services, as they result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports two major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for through other funds. For the City, the General Fund includes activities such as public protection, public works and facilities, parks and recreation, and community development.
- The *LTA Measure D Special Revenue Fund* was established to account for all proceeds and expenditures associated with street and highway projects received as part of the local transportation authority Measure D sales tax.

The City reports the following two major enterprise funds:

- The *Water Fund* was established to account for the financial activity for the purpose of operation and maintenance of City's water utility. The costs of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered through user charges.
- The Sewer Fund was established to account for the financial activity for the purpose of operation
 and maintenance of the City's sewer system including the wastewater treatment plant. The costs
 of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered through user charges.

The City reports the following additional fund types:

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other government units, and/or other funds.

Private Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the operations of the former redevelopment agency.

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary funds financial statements except for Agency Funds (that have no measurement focus) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for debt service expenditures which are recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, transient occupancy taxes, and interest are susceptible to accrual. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at fiscal year-end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the City and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

In order to maximize the flexibility of its investment program and to aid in cash budgeting, the City pools the cash of all funds, except for monies deposited with fiscal agents in accordance with related bond indentures. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents that fund's equity share of the City's cash and investment pool. As the City places no restrictions on the deposit or withdrawal of a particular fund's equity in the pool, the pool operates like a demand deposit account for the participating funds.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the various funds based on month-end balances and is adjusted at fiscal year-end. Interest income on restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

In accordance with the State of California Government Code, the City adopts an investment policy annually that, among other things, authorizes types and concentrations of investments and maximum investment terms.

The City's investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of equity and debt securities is determined based on sales prices or bid-and-asked quotations from SEC-registered securities exchanges or NASDAQ dealers. LAIF determines the fair value of its portfolio quarterly and reports a factor to the City; the City applies that factor to convert its share of LAIF from amortized cost to fair value. Changes in fair value are allocated to each participating fund.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City has defined cash and cash equivalents to be change and petty cash funds, equity in the City's cash and investment pool, and restricted non-pooled investments with initial maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No.31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. The fair values are based on quoted market prices, if available, or estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Interest, dividends, and realized and unrealized gains and losses, based on the specific identification method, are included in interest revenue when earned.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of Imperial collects property taxes for the City and Agency. Tax liens attach annually on the first day in January preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1st to June 30th. One-half of the taxes on real property are due on November 1st; the second installment is due on March 1st. All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid by December 10th and April 10th respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on July 1st of each year and are delinquent, if unpaid by August 31st.

The City has elected to receive the City's portion of the property taxes from the county under the county Teeter Bill program. Under this program, the City receives 100 percent of the City's share of the levied property taxes in periodic payments with the county assuming the responsibility for the delinquencies

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, fine art, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, traffic lights and signals, street lights, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the capital asset or materially extend capital asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Improvements other than buildings	30
Infrastructure	20 to 40
Utility systems	40 to 75
Vehicles	5 to 15
Computer equipment	7
Other equipment and furnishings	7

5. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. All vacation and sick leave benefits are accrued as earned by employees. A portion of unused sick leave benefits, varying by employee bargaining unit, vests and is payable upon retirement. For proprietary funds, a current liability is reported for that portion of the estimated value of vacation and sick leave benefits to be used during the subsequent fiscal year, and the estimated value of vacation vested sick leave benefits of employees approaching or at their respective retirement ages. The balance is considered a long-term obligation.

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

5. Compensated Absences (Continued)

A liability is accrued for all earned but unused leave benefits in the government-wide and enterprise fund statements. This liability will be liquidated as either additional cash payments in the event of employee termination or as part of budgeted salary expenditures if used by employees as compensated leave time while still employed by the City. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds accrue current liabilities for material vacation leave benefits due on demand to governmental fund employees that have terminated prior to fiscal year-end. Non-current amounts will be recorded as fund expenditures in the fiscal year in which they are paid or become due on demand to terminated employees.

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the indebtedness using the straight line method. Notes payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment In Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents net position of the City, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted resources first.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority (the City Council) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose.
- Unassigned fund balance the residual classification for the City's funds that include amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The City Council establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution.

G. Future Accounting Pronouncements

Statement No. 87	"Leases"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.
Statement No. 89	"Accounting for Interest Cost incurred before the End of a Construction Period"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020.
Statement No. 91	"Conduit Debt Obligations"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021.
Statement No. 92	"Omnibus 2020"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.
Statement No. 93	"Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2021.
Statement No. 94	"Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.
Statement No. 96	"Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.
Statement No. 97	"Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

a. General Budget Policies

- 1. The annual budget adopted by the City Council provides for the general operation of the City. It includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The City Council approves total budgeted appropriations and any amendments to appropriations throughout the fiscal year. All amendments made during the fiscal year are included in the budgetary amounts reported herein. The "appropriated budget" covers all City expenditures, with the exception of debt service on bond issues and capital improvement projects carried forward from prior fiscal years, which expenditures constitute legally authorized "non-appropriated budget". Actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year. Commitments for materials and services, such as purchase orders and contracts, are recorded as encumbrances to assist in controlling expenditures. Appropriations which are encumbered, lapse at fiscal year-end, and then are added to the following fiscal year's budgeted appropriations.
- 4. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP). Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budgeted amounts without any significant reconciling items. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, there were no budgets adopted for any fund except the General Fund.

The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

Budget comparisons are not presented for the Proprietary Funds, as the City is not legally required to adopt a budget for these fund types.

B. Budget/USGAAP Reconciliation

No funds adopted project-length or budgetary basis budgets and, therefore, no schedule reconciling the amounts on the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget to Actual to the amounts on the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances has been prepared.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the following funds had excess expenditures over appropriations.

Fund	Amount
Major Governmental Fund:	
General Fund:	
Public Safety	\$ 125,752
Public Works	872,569
Parks and Recreation	395,910
Community Development	75,858
Capital Outlay	180,932

D. Deficit Fund Equity

At June 30, 2021, the following funds had an accumulated deficit:

Fund	Amount	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Prop 1B	\$	164,419
Police Technology Grant		112,075
STPL		615,001
Cops Grant 2018		14,655
Per Capita		29,736

These fund balance deficits are primarily due to the City incurring costs in excess of receiving revenues. The Funds should alleviate these deficits as revenues are received or as General Fund transfers funds.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2021 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$ 450 29,538,367 18,210,935
Total cash and investments	\$ 47,749,752

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment</u> <u>Policy</u>

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City of Imperial (City) by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Bonds issued by the City	N/A	None	None
US Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Issues	5 years	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Medium Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	10%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	None
County Pool Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$75 Million
Collateralized Bank Deposits	N/A	None	None
Mortgage Pass-through Securities	5 years	20%	None
Shares of Beneficial Interest by a JPA	N/A	None	None

The investment policy allows for the above investments which have equal safety and liquidity as all other allowed investments. Maturity depends on the cash needs of the City.

B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the Investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements (Continued)

	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	N/A	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	N/A	None	None
State Obligations	N/A	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	N/A	None	None
Money Market Mutual Fund	N/A	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	N/A	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	N/A	None	None
Investment Agreements	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

The investment policy allows for the above investments which have equal safety and liquidity as all other allowed investments. Maturity depends on the cash needs of the City.

C. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining maturity (in Months)									
			12 Months	13	to 24	25-60		More Than 60			
Investment Type	 Totals		or Less	Months		Months		Months			
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	\$ 6,473,838	\$	6,473,838	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Certificates of Deposit	102,378		102,378								
Held by Bond Trustees:											
Money Market Funds	 11,634,719		11,634,719								
	\$ 18,210,935	\$	18,210,935	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

D. Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

E. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating, as of fiscal year end, for each investment type.

					Rating as of Fiscal Year End								
		Minimum	n E	xempt									
		Legal	1	From									Not
Investment Type	Amount	Rating	Dis	closure	AAA		AA		Α		Rated		
State Investment Pool	\$ 6,473,838	N/A	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		-	\$	6,473,838
Certificates of Deposit	102,378	N/A											102,378
Held by Bond Trustee:													
Money Market Funds	11,634,719	N/A											11,634,719
Total	\$ 18,210,935	=	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		\$	18,210,935

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There are no investments in any one issuer (other than money market) that represent 5% or more of total City's investments.

G. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2021, all of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

H. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

I. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy establish by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three tiered fair value hierarchy as follows: Level 1 – Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets; Level 2 – Investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered active; and Level 3 – Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources. The City did not have any investments applicable to recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of normal operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds". The following presents a summary of current interfund balances at June 30, 2021:

Receivable Fund	Amount		Amount Payable Fund		Amount Payable Fund		Amount
Major Governmental Fund:			Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	\$ 935,886 Prop 1B Fund			164,419		
			Police Technology Grant Fund		112,075		
Totals	\$	935,886	COPS Grant 2018		14,655		
			Per Capita		29,736		
			STPL Fund		615,001		
			Totals	\$	935,886		

B. Transfers between Funds

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operations, and re-allocations of special revenues. All inter-fund transfers between individual government funds have been eliminated on the government-wide statements. The following schedule briefly summarizes the City's transfer activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

B. Transfers between Funds (Continued)

Fund	Т	ransfers-in	Tı	Transfers-out	
Major Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	835,131	\$	-	
LTA Measure D				1,021,933	
Major Enterprise Funds:					
Water Fund				8,177	
Sewer Fund		4,255,306		4,222,339	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:					
TCRF Special Revenue Fund				25,000	
Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund				5,000	
Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund				212,081	
Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund				5,000	
Public Safety Prop 172 Special Revenue Fund				85,000	
COPS Grant 2018 Special Revenue Fund				500	
Housing Rehabilitation Special Revenue Fund				5,000	
RLA Special Revenue Fund				5,000	
Wildflower Landscaping and Lighting Special Revenue Fund				7,100	
Paseo Del Sol Landscaping and Lighting Special Revenue Fund				14,900	
Sky Ranch District Special Revenue Fund				27,375	
Library Literacy Special Revenue Fund				39,969	
SB1 Special Revenue Fund		640,054			
Housing General Special Revenue Fund				5,000	
ARPA Special Revenue Fund				41,117	
Totals	\$	5,730,491	\$	5,730,491	

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2021	
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 3,329,400	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 3,329,400	
Construction in progress	1,746,065	939,713		(2,685,778)		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,075,465	939,713		(2,685,778)	3,329,400	
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Machinery and Equipment	7,080,068	621,142			7,701,210	
Infrastructure	43,130,153	48,668		2,685,778	45,864,599	
Total capital assets being depreciated	50,210,221	669,810		2,685,778	53,565,809	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Machinery and Equipment	(6,475,203)	(276,130)			(6,751,333)	
Infrastructure	(19,439,098)	(1,783,282)			(21,222,380)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(25,914,301)	(2,059,412)			(27,973,713)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	24,295,920	(1,389,602)		2,685,778	25,592,096	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,371,385	\$ (449,889)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,921,496	

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities:	Balance at June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2021
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 278,397	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 278,397
Construction in progress	6,591,374	12,957,225			19,548,599
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,869,771	12,957,225			19,826,996
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	19,270,611				19,270,611
Machinery and Equipment	6,276,480	299,539			6,576,019
Infrastructure	26,130,463	1,551,841			27,682,304
Total capital assets, being depreciated	51,677,554	1,851,380			53,528,934
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(15,481,545)	(920,421)			(16,401,966)
Machinery and Equipment	(5,279,702)	(362,854)			(5,642,556)
Infrastructure	(17,200,099)	(1,212,405)			(18,412,504)
Total accumulated depreciation	(37,961,346)	(2,495,680)			(40,457,026)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	13,716,208	(644,300)			13,071,908
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 20,585,979	\$ 12,312,925	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,898,904

Capital Asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows (continued):

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government Public Works Public Safety	\$ 686,470 686,471 686,471
Total depreciation expense – governmental functions	<u>\$ 2,059,412</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to business-type functions as follows:	
Water	\$ 1,281,358
Sewer	1,214,322
Total depreciation expense – business-type functions	<u>\$ 2,495,680</u>

NOTE 6 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

The City has established a number of housing assistance loan programs using HOME Investment Partnerships Program grant funds. These loans consist of several loans for first-time home buyers assistance and home rehabilitation assistance loans for qualified persons. The City also utilizes Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) to provide business assistance loans and home rehabilitation loans to qualified persons.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a schedule of long-term liabilities for Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance at June 30, 2020		Additions		Repayments		Balance at June 30, 2021		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	546,903	\$	158,681	\$	(209,381)	\$	496,203	\$	-
Total	\$	546,903	\$	158,681	\$	(209,381)	\$	496,203	\$	-
Business-type Activities:										
Water Fund:										
Compensated absences	\$	58,622	\$	72,763	\$	(77,771)	\$	53,614	\$	-
2012 Certificates of participation		4,830,000				(885,000)		3,945,000		595,000
2012 Certificates of participation premium		261,014				(41,212)		219,802		41,212
2019 Water revenue bonds		8,115,000				(65,000)		8,050,000		60,000
2019 Water revenue bonds premium		689,650				(22,988)		666,662		22,988
Sewer Fund:										
Compensated absences		42,653		7,643		(35,826)		14,470		
2012 Certificates of participation		4,850,000				(610,000)		4,240,000		640,000
2012 Certificates of participation premium		70,663				(11,156)		59,507		11,156
2019 Wastewater revenue bonds		15,560,000				(75,000)		15,485,000		80,000
2019 Wastewater revenue bonds premium		1,043,937				(35,998)		1,007,939		35,998
Total	\$	35,521,539	\$	80,406	\$	(1,859,951)	\$	33,741,994	\$	1,486,354

1. Business-type Activities – Water/Wastewater 2012 COP

On April 1, 2012, the City issued the 2012 certificates of participation in the amount of \$10,065,000 for the water facility and \$8,550,000 for the wastewater facility. The proceeds of the sale were used together with other available moneys to provide funds to the City to prepay and defease on a current basis the City's Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2001 of which \$7,190,000 (water) and \$4,995,000 (sewer) remained outstanding, and to finance certain capital improvements to the City's water and wastewater system, to fund a reserve fund for the Bonds, and to pay certain costs of issuing the Bonds. Interest is payable semi-annually on April and October 15 commencing on October 15, 2012 through October 15, 2026 and ranges from 3% to 5%. As of June 30, 2020, the balances remaining for Water and Wastewater Refunding COPs are \$3,945,000 and \$4,240,000 respectively. In the event of a default, the full outstanding balance of the debt is due and payable.

Annual debt service requirements for the Certificates of Participation are shown below:

Fiscal Year	2012 Certificates of Participation - Water							
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2022	\$	595,000	\$	167,943	\$	762,943		
2023		615,000		147,512		762,512		
2024		635,000		120,875		755,875		
2025		665,000		88,375		753,375		
2026		700,000		54,250		754,250		
2027-2028		735,000		18,375		753,375		
	\$	3,945,000	\$	597,330	\$	4,542,330		

Fiscal Year		2012 Certificates of Participation - Wastewater						
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2022	\$	640,000	\$	158,450	\$	798,450		
2023		660,000		136,500		796,500		
2024	690,000			110,287		800,287		
2025		720,000		80,324		800,324		
2026		750,000		49,087		799,087		
2027-2028		780,000		16,575		796,575		
	\$	4,240,000	\$	551,223	\$	4,791,223		

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

2. Business-type Activities – Wastewater Revenue Bonds 2019

On May 1, 2019, the City issued the 2019 Wastewater revenue bonds in the amount of \$15,620,000 and pledged the City's Wastewater Fund as the specific revenue source for the repayment of the debt. The proceeds of the sale were used to provide funds to the City to prepay and defease on a current basis the City's Wastewater Parity COP 2005 in the amount of \$2,105,000 and to finance certain capital improvements to the City's wastewater system, to fund a reserve fund for the Bonds, and to pay certain costs of issuing the Bonds. Interest is payable semi-annually on April and October 15 commencing on October 15, 2019 through October 15, 2049 and ranges from 3% to 5%.. As of June 30, 2021, the balance outstanding for 2019 Wastewater revenue bonds was \$15,485,000. In the event of a default, the full outstanding balance of the debt is due and payable.

On December 1, 2019, the City issued the 2019 Water revenue bonds in the amount of \$8,115,000 and pledged the City's Water Fund as the specific revenue source for the repayment of the debt. The proceeds of the sale were used to provide funds to the City to prepay and defease on a current basis the City's Water Parity COP 2005 in the amount of \$1,535,000 and to finance certain capital improvements to the City's water system, to fund a reserve fund for the Bonds, and to pay certain costs of issuing the Bonds. Interest is payable semi-annually on April and October 15 commencing on April 15, 2020 through April 15, 2050 and ranges from 3% to 5%. As of June 30, 2021, the balance outstanding for 2019 Water revenue bonds was \$8,050,000. In the event of a default, the full outstanding balance of the debt is due and payable.

Annual debt service requirements for the Revenue Bonds are shown below:

Fiscal Year	2019 Wastewater Revenue Bonds							
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total			
2022	\$	80,000	\$	595,476	\$	675,476		
2023		85,000		593,000		678,000		
2024		80,000		590,526		670,526		
2025		85,000	588,050			673,050		
2026		90,000		90,000 585,426		585,426		675,426
2027-2031		2,090,000		2,714,478		4,804,478		
2032-2036		3,090,000 2,077,052		2,077,052		5,167,052		
2037-2041		2,975,000		1,497,254		4,472,254		
2042-2046		3,570,000		884,768		4,454,768		
2047-2050		3,340,000		221,490		3,561,490		
	\$	15,485,000	\$	10,347,520	\$	25,832,520		

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year	2019 Water Revenue Bonds						
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total		
2022	\$	60,000	\$	282,400	\$	342,400	
2023		60,000		280,600		340,600	
2024		65,000		278,726		343,726	
2025		65,000	65,000			341,776	
2026		65,000		274,500		339,500	
2027-2031		1,210,000		1,264,000		2,474,000	
2032-2036		1,705,000		958,700		2,663,700	
2037-2041		1,470,000		687,946		2,157,946	
2042-2046		1,735,000		404,276		2,139,276	
2047-2050		1,615,000		98,626		1,713,626	
	\$	8,050,000	\$	4,806,550	\$	12,856,550	

2. Business-type Activities – Wastewater Revenue Bonds 2019 (Continued)

3. Compensated Absences

The City's policy relating to compensated absences is described in Note (1). Compensated absences are liquidated primarily by the general fund and proprietary funds. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2021, was \$496,203 for governmental activities and \$68,084 for business-type activities.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA)

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority's (Authority) Joint Liability Protection and worker's compensation coverage programs. The Authority is composed of 119 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group-purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The Authority began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee. Audited financial statements for the Authority are available from Finance Director, at California Joint Powers Insurance Authority, 8081 Moody Street, La Palma, California 90623.

NOTE 9 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City's management, there is no pending litigation that is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City does not offer any other post-employment benefits.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions - All qualified employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, cost sharing defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	City N	Aisc Plan	City S	afety Plan
	Prior to January 1,	On or after January 1,	Prior to January 1,	On or after January 1,
Hire date	2013	2013	2013	2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2%@62	3.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62	50	62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.00%	2.00%	3.0%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	6.25%	9.00%	11.50%
Required employer contribution rates	6.709%	6.237%	13.813%	6.237%

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

Р	Proportionate Share of Net Pension									
	Liability									
N	Misc. Plan		Safety Plan							
\$	2,297,687	\$	2,580,520							

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2019 and 2020 was as follows:

	City Miscellaneous	City Safety
	Plan	Plan
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.05071%	0.03895%
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.05447%	0.03873%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00376%	-0.00022%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$829,243. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred utflows of		eferred lows of
	R	esources	Re	sources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	926,859	\$	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		124,342		-
Difference between actual vs proportionate contribution				(2,778)
Changes in assumptions		-		(24,984)
Difference in actual experience		318,513		-
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		153,459		-
Total	\$	1,523,173	\$	(27,762)

\$926,859 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended	
June 30,	 Amount
2022	\$ 136,961
2023	225,071
2024	145,680
2025	 60,840
Total	\$ 568,552

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2020, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

_	Miscellaneous	Safety
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal	Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Payroll Growth	3.00%	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	3.30%-14.20% (1)	3.30%-14.20% (1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% (2)	7.00% (2)
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS	" Membership Data

(1) Depending on age, service and type of employment

(2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound geometric returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses rate.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Year 1-10(a)	Year 11+(b)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%

a) An expected inflation of 2% used for this period

b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Local Government for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Disco	unt Rate -1%	Current	t Discount Rate	Disco	ount Rate +1%
		6.15%		7.15%		8.15%
Employer's Net Pension Liability - Miscellaneous	\$	3,896,521	\$	2,297,687	\$	976,621
Employer's Net Pension Liability - Safety		3,907,894		2,580,520		1,491,283
Employer's Net Pension Liability - Total	\$	7,804,416	\$	4,878,207	\$	2,467,904

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 12 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Imperial (City) that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or other unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets units until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of the City resolution number 2012-04.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence as of the date of the dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

A. Capital assets of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	alance at ly 1, 2020	Ad	Additions Deletions			Balance at June 30, 2021		
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 311,012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	311,012	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 311,012						311,012	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 311,012	\$		\$	_	\$	311,012	

B. Long-term debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	Balance at ne 30, 2020	Ado	ditions Deletions			Balance at ine 30, 2021	Due within one year		
2016 A Series Tax Allocation Bond 2016 B Series Tax Allocation Bond	\$ 5,165,000 13,270,000	\$	-	\$	(225,000) (545,000)	\$ 4,940,000 12,725,000	\$	245,000 550,000	
Totals	\$ 18,435,000	\$	-	\$	(770,000)	\$ 17,665,000	\$	795,000	

2016 Series A Tax Allocation Bonds

On May 18, 2016, the Successor Agency of the City of Imperial (the "Agency) issued \$6,050,000 refunding the 2005 Tax Allocation Notes. Interest is payable semi-annually every June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2016 and maturing on June 1, 2037 and ranges from 2% to 4%. As of June 30, 2021, the outstanding principal balance is \$4,940,000. In the event of a default, the full outstanding balance of the debt is due and payable.

NOTE 12 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year	2016 Series A Tax Allocation Bonds								
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total				
2022	\$	245,000	\$	177,850	\$	422,850			
2023		250,000		172,900		422,900			
2024		250,000		167,900		417,900			
2025		255,000		162,850		417,850			
2026		260,000		155,100		415,100			
2027-2031		1,475,000		595,050		2,070,050			
2032-2036		1,800,000		267,000		2,067,000			
2037-2038		405,000		8,100		413,100			
	\$	\$ 4,940,000		1,706,750	\$	6,646,750			

2016 Series A Tax Allocation Bonds (Continued)

2016 Series B Tax Allocation Bonds

On May 18, 2016, the Successor Agency of the City of Imperial (the "Agency) issued \$15,145,000 refunding the 2008 Tax Allocation Notes. Interest is payable semi-annually every June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2016 and maturing on June 1, 2037 and ranges from 0.75% to 4%. As of June 30, 2021, the outstanding principal balance is \$12,725,000. In the event of a default, the full outstanding balance of the debt is due and payable.

Fiscal Year	2016 Series B Tax Allocation Bonds							
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2022	\$	550,000	\$	446,818	\$	996,818		
2023		560,000		433,631		993,631		
2024		580,000		418,656		998,656		
2025		595,000		401,756		996,756		
2026		615,000		383,606		998,606		
2027-2031		3,380,000		1,588,469		4,968,469		
2032-2036		4,040,000		896,403		4,936,403		
2037		2,405,000		107,900		2,512,900		
	\$	12,725,000	\$	4,677,239	\$	17,402,239		

NOTE 13 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Fund Balances	Ge	eneral	LTI	DA Measure D	l Go	Total		
Restricted for:								
Community Development	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,006,622	\$	3,006,622
Public Safety						1,280,674		1,280,674
Public Works				2,176,736		3,264,749		5,441,485
Parks and Recreation						2,165,259		2,165,259
Total Restricted			·	2,176,736		9,717,304		11,894,040
Unassigned:	2	1,484,339				(921,231)		3,563,108
Total Fund Balances	\$ 4	4,484,339	\$	2,176,736	\$	8,796,073	\$	15,457,148

NOTE 14 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A prior period adjustment of \$(830,289) was made in the General Fund and government-wide governmental activities due to an overstatement of deposits in transit.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City may be negatively impacted by the effects of the worldwide coronavirus pandemic. The City is closely monitoring its operations, liquidity, and reserves and is actively working to minimize the current and future impact of this unprecedented situation. As of the date of issuance of these financial statements, the full impact to the City's financial position is not known.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF IMPERIAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Pudgatad	1 A ma	aunto		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues		Oliginal		1 mai		7 millounts		(riegurie)
Property Taxes	\$	1,492,392	\$	1,492,392	\$	1,781,920	\$	289,528
Sales and Use Taxes		2,193,000	•	2,193,000	•	4,183,417	•	1,990,417
Business License Taxes		55,000		55,000		63,056		8,056
Transient Occupancy Tax		20,000		20,000		70,468		50,468
Other Taxes		102,889		102,889		39,100		(63,789)
Licenses and Permits		15,712		15,712		10,064		(5,648)
Fines and Forfeitures		135,667		135,667		144,684		9,017
Use of Money and Property		6,500		6,500		5,104		(1,396)
Charges for Services		1,658,980		1,658,980		3,014,175		1,355,195
Intergovernmental		2,197,332		2,197,332		2,152,698		(44,634)
Franchise Tax		250,000		250,000		340,630		90,630
Other		658,098		658,098		684,985		26,887
Total Revenues		8,785,570		8,785,570		12,490,301		3,704,731
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government		3,071,290		3,071,290		1,961,750		1,109,540
Public Safety		4,195,433		4,195,433		4,321,185		(125,752)
Public Works		1,679,680		1,679,680		2,552,249		(872,569)
Parks and Recreation		538,967		538,967		934,877		(395,910)
Community Development		714,225		714,225		790,083		(75,858)
Capital Outlay						180,932		(180,932)
Total Expenditures		10,199,595		10,199,595		10,741,076		(541,481)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(1,414,025)		(1,414,025)		1,749,225		3,163,250
Other Einspring Sources (uses).								
Other Financing Sources (uses): Transfers In		1,363,797		1,648,647		835,131		(813,516)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,363,797		1,648,647		835,131		(813,516)
Total Other Philadeling Sources (Uses)		1,505,797		1,048,047		655,151		(815,510)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(50,228)		234,622		2,584,356		2,349,734
Fund Balance - July 1, 2020		2,730,272		2,730,272		2,730,272		
Prior Period Adjustments						(830,289)		(830,289)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2020, Restated		2,730,272		2,730,272		1,899,983		(830,289)
Fund Balance - June 30, 2021	\$	2,680,044	\$	2,964,894	\$	4,484,339	\$	1,519,445

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CITY OF IMPERIAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Last 10 Years*

		June 30	, 2019		June 30), 2020	June 3	0, 2021	
]	Misc Plan	Safety Plan]	Misc Plan	Safety Plan	Misc Plan	Safety Plan	
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.04726%	0.03965%		0.05071%	0.03895%	0.05447%	0.03873%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,781,201	\$ 2,326,685	\$	2,030,745	\$ 2,431,739	\$ 2,297,687	\$ 2,580,520	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,150,971	\$ 1,550,355	\$	3,332,704	\$ 1,779,072	\$ 2,791,116	\$ 1,336,992	
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		56.53%	150.07%		60.93%	136.69%	82.32%	193.01%	
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$	8,248,766	\$ 5,822,158	\$	8,941,408	\$ 6,473,977	\$ 9,716,791	\$ 7,193,696	
Plan's total pension liability	\$	10,029,967	\$ 8,148,843	\$	10,972,153	\$ 8,905,717	\$ 12,014,478	\$ 9,774,215	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		82.24%	71.45%		81.49%	72.69%	80.88%	73.60%	
-		June 30,			June 30	,		0, 2016	June 3
Proportion of the net pension liability	N	<u>Misc Plan</u> 0.04640%	Safety Plan 0.03980%		Misc Plan 0.04310%	Safety Plan 0.04135%	Misc Plan 0.03591%	Safety Plan 0.04491%	Misc Plan 0.05532%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,829,307	\$ 2,377,969	\$	1,497,198	\$ 2,141,864	\$ 985,073	\$ 1,850,541	\$ 1,367,153
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,926,480	\$ 1,022,595	\$	1,739,004	\$ 1,059,307	\$1,642,544	\$1,032,855	\$ 1,651,054
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		94.96%	232.54%		86.10%	202.19%	59.97%	179.17%	82.80%

Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	94.96%	232.54%	86.10%	202.19%	59.97%	179.17%	82.80%	169.44%	
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 7,433,062	\$ 5,382,173	\$ 6,695,486	\$ 4,662,680	\$6,449,768	\$ 5,357,528	\$ 5,663,481	\$5,067,491	
Plan's total pension liability	\$ 9,262,369	\$ 7,760,142	\$ 8,192,684	\$ 6,804,544	\$7,434,841	\$ 7,208,069	\$ 7,030,634	\$6,889,379	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	80.25%	69.36%	81.73%	68.52%	86.75%	74.33%	80.55%	73.56%	

June 30, 2015

Safety Plan

\$1,821,888

\$1.075.212

0.04857%

Notes to Schedule

P P P

Change in Benefit Terms: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2013 as they have minimal cost impact. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a Golden Handshakes).

Change in Assumptions: In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%.

*Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

CITY OF IMPERIAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Years*

	June	e 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2020		June	30, 2021		
	Misc	Safety	Misc	Safety		Misc	Safety		
Contractual required contribution (actuarially	Plan	Plan	Plan	Plan		Plan	Plan		
determined)	\$ 196,05	3 \$ 200,094	\$ 305,5	78 \$ 412,2	284	\$ 425,121	\$ 501,738		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially	(10.5.0.	•					(
determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	(196,05	<u>3) (200,094</u> \$ -) (305,5' \$ -	<u>78)</u> (412,2 \$ -	<u>284)</u>	<u>(425,121</u> \$ -) (501,738) \$ -		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	ψ -	φ -	φ -	φ -		φ –	φ -		
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,150,97	1 \$ 1,550,355	\$ 3,332,7	04 \$ 1,779,0)72	\$ 2,791,116	\$ 1,336,992		
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	6.22	% 12.91%	ó 9.1	7% 23.1	7%	15.23%	37.53%		
	June 30, 2	2018	June 30.	2017		June 30.	2016	June	30, 2015
	Misc	Safety	Misc	Safety		Misc	Safety	Misc	Safety
Contractual required contribution (actuarially	Plan	Plan	Plan	Plan		Plan	Plan	Plan	Plan
determined) \$ Contributions in relation to the actuarially	146,000	\$ 152,674 \$	249,335	\$ 161,109	\$	223,103	\$ 182,273	\$ 313,414	\$ 374,623
determined contributions	(146,000)	(152,674)	(249,335)	(161,109)		(223,103)	(182,273)	(313,414)	(374,623)
Contribution deficiency (excess) \$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll \$	1,926,480	\$1,022,595 \$	1,739,004	\$1,059,307	\$	1,642,544	\$ 1,032,855	\$ 1,651,054	\$ 1,075,212
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	7.58%	14.93%	14.34%	15.21%		13.58%	17.65%	18.98%	34.84%
Notes to Schedule									
Actuarial Cost Method	Entr	y Age Normal							
Amortization Method/Period	For a	letail, see June	e 30, 2012 I	Funding Valu	iatio	n Report			
Assets Valuation Method	Actu	arial Value of	Assets. Fo	or details, see	e Jui	ne 30, 2012			
	Fund	ling Valuation	Report.						
Inflation	2.75	%							
Salary Increases	Vari	es by Entry A	ge and Ser	vice					
Payroll Growth	3.00	%							
Investment Rate of Return	7.50	% Net of Pens	sion Plan Ir	nvestment an	d A	dministrativ	re		
	Expe	enses; includes	s Inflation.						
Retirement Age	The	probabilities of	f Retiremen	nt are based	on t	he 2010 Ca	IPERS		
	-	erience Study i	-						
Mortality		probabilities of	-						
	Expe	erience Study i	for the peri	od from 1997	7 to	2007. Pre-			
	retire	ement and Pos	st-retiremer	nt mortality ra	ates	included 5	years of		
	proje	cted mortality	improvem	ent using Sca	ıle A	AA publishe	d by the		
	Socie	ety of Actuari	es.						

*Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

The Traffic Congestion Relief Fund was established to account for TCRF funding for streets and road projects to ease congestion.

The Traffic Safety Fund was established to account money received for traffics safety programs.

The Gas Tax Fund was established to account for state gas tax revenues based on population. The revenues may be expended only for street and road repair, maintenance, design, construction, and traffic signal design and installation.

The Local Transportation Fund was established to funding received for local transportation capital projects.

The Dial-A-Ride Fund was established to account for monies received as part of the TDA paratransit program.

The Successor Housing Fund was established to account for the housing loan and housing rehabilitation loans as part of the former redevelopment agency.

The Public Safety Prop 172 Fund was established to account for Prop 172 public safety funds received by the City and dedicated to local public safety.

The COPS Grants Fund was established to account for monies received as part of several COPS police hiring grant from the United States Department of Justice.

The Asset Forfeiture Fund was established to account for monies received from asset seizures in the City's jurisdiction. The monies are to be spent on police protection and enforcement.

The COPS Grant 2018 Fund was established to account for monies received as part of the 2018 COPS police hiring grant from the United States Department of Justice.

The CDBG HOME Fund was established to account for federal grants under the Housing and Community Development Act, to assist low and moderate income groups in obtaining loans to rehabilitate or revitalize their homes.

The Housing Rehabilitation Fund was established to account for funds to assist low and moderate income groups in obtaining loans to rehabilitate or revitalize their homes.

The ED CDBG Grants Fund was established to account for federal planning grants under the Housing and Community Development Act.

The RLA Fund was established to bridge the gap between old development and new development where Landscaping and Lighting Districts are not set up.

The Wildflower Landscaping and Lighting Fund was established to account for revenues received and expenditures made for projects and maintenance within the Wildflower Landscaping and Lighting District.

The Paseo Del Sol Landscaping and Lighting Fund was established to account for revenues received and expenditures made for projects and maintenance within the Paseo Del Sol Landscaping and Lighting District.

The Joshua Tree Street Improvement Fund was established to account for revenues received and expenditures made for Joshua Tree Street Improvement project.

The Library Donation Fund was established to account for donations received at the library.

The COPS Grant 2015 Fund was established to account for monies received as part of the 2015 COPS police hiring grant from the United States Department of Justice.

The Sky Ranch District Fund was established to account for revenues received and expenditures made for projects and maintenance within the Sky Ranch District.

The Prop 1B Fund was established to account for Prop 1B funds that are used for local streets and roads.

The Library Literacy Fund was established to account for funds received and expended as part of the library literacy program.

The Police Technology Grant Fund was established to account for funds received as part of police technology grants.

The Austin Worthington Roads Fund was established to account for costs related to Austin Worthington Roads projects.

The Community Services Grant Fund was established to account for community services grants.

The General Housing Fund was established to account program revenue and costs associated with general housing programs.

The Fire Impact Fees Fund was established to account for fire impact fees.

The Police Impact Fees Fund was established to account for police impact fees.

The Administrative Impact Fees Fund was established to account for administrative impact fees.

The Library Impact Fees Fund was established to account for library impact fees.

The Park Impact Fees Fund was established to account for park impact fees.

The Circulation Impact Fees Fund was established to account for circulation impact fees.

The STPL Fund was established to account for funds received and expended for highway planning and construction projects.

The EDA Fund was established for funds received for Economic Development Administration programs.

The SB 1 Fund was established to account for funds provided for street projects as part of California Senate Bill 1.

Library Projects Fund was established to account for funds received as part of Prop 10 for future library projects.

ARPA Fund was established to account for funds received as part of the American Rescue Plan.

CARES Fund was established to account for funds received as part of COVID-19 Economic Relief Act.

Early Learning Grant Fund was established to account for funds received as part of California Early Learning and Care Workforce Development Pathways Grant.

Per Capita Grant Fund was established to account for funds made available for local park rehabilitation, creation, and improvement grants to local governments on a per capita basis

SB2 Fund was established to account for funds received as part of the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training.

CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

					Sp	ecial Revei	1ue F	unds		
	Cong	affic gestion elief	-	Fraffic Safety		Gas Tax	Tra	Local nsportation	Ι	Dial-A- Ride
Assets Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Interest Receivable Loans Receivable	\$	4	\$	8,192 863 1	\$	699,853 102	\$	418,409 61	\$	14,607
Total Assets	\$	4	\$	9,056	\$	699,955	\$	418,470	\$	14,607
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due To Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Loan Related										
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted Unassigned		4		9,056		699,955		418,470		14,607
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		4		9,056		699,955		418,470		14,607
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4	\$	9,056	\$	699,955	\$	418,470	\$	14,607

				Spe	cial Reven	ue Fi	unds			
uccessor Housing	Public Safety Prop 172	CC	PS Grants		Asset orfeiture	СС	OPS Grant 2018	CD	BG HOME Grant	Housing Rehab
\$ 560,279	\$ 31,730	\$	103,756	\$	20,438	\$	-	\$	130,717	\$ 54,987
36 189,980	 5		15		3				19 741,380	 8 294,445
\$ 750,295	\$ 31,735	\$	103,771	\$	20,441	\$	-	\$	872,116	\$ 349,440
\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,062	\$	-	\$	- 14,655	\$	-	\$ -
 	 		1,062				14,655			
 189,980									741,380	 294,445
 189,980	 								741,380	 294,445
 189,980	 		1,062				14,655		741,380	 294,445
560,315	31,735		102,709		20,441		(14,655)		130,736	54,995
 560,315	 31,735		102,709		20,441		(14,655)		130,736	 54,995
\$ 750,295	\$ 31,735	\$	103,771	\$	20,441	\$	-	\$	872,116	\$ 349,440

Continued

CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021 (CONTINUED)

					ecial Reven			
					fildflower	 seo Del Sol	-	Joshua
		ED DBG	RLA		andscape Lighting	andscape Lighting		ee Street provement
		000	 KLA		Jighting	 Lighting	mp	novement
Assets								
Cash and Investments	\$	50	\$ 59,016	\$	218,548	\$ 251,834	\$	31,287
Accounts Receivable			0		22	27		
Interest Receivable			9		32	37		
Loans Receivable			 179,752			 		
Total Assets	\$	50	\$ 238,777	\$	218,580	\$ 251,871	\$	31,287
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Due To Other Funds								
Total Liabilities			 			 		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Loan Related			 179,752			 		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_		 179,752			 		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows			170 750					
of Resources			 179,752			 		
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Restricted		50	59,025		218,580	251,871		31,287
Unassigned			 			 		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		50	59,025		218,580	251,871		31,287
		50	 	<i>•</i>		 		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	50	\$ 238,777	\$	218,580	\$ 251,871	\$	31,287

		Special	Reve	enue Fund	5		
brary nation	ky Ranch District	Prop 1B		Library	T	Police echnology Grant	Austin orthington
\$ 741	\$ 684,610	\$ -	\$	70,377	\$	-	\$ 95,750
	100			10			
\$ 741	\$ 684,710	\$ 	\$	70,387	\$		\$ 95,750
\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 164,419	\$	-	\$	- 112,075	\$ -
		 164,419				112,075	
		 164,419				112,075	
741	 684,710	 (164,419)		70,387		(112,075)	 95,750
741	 684,710	 (164,419)		70,387		(112,075)	 95,750
\$ 741	\$ 684,710	\$ -	\$	70,387	\$	-	\$ 95,750

Continued

CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021 (CONTINUED)

				Spe	cial Reven	ue Fu	inds	
	S	mmunity ervices Grant	General Housing		Fire Impact Fees		Police Impact Fees	Admin Impact Fees
		orun	riousing		1005		1005	1005
Assets								
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	4,928	\$ 509,068	\$	172,246 3,722	\$	956,562 7,749	\$ 912,077 8,125
Interest Receivable		1			25		140	133
Loans Receivable			 150,360					
Total Assets	\$	4,929	\$ 659,428	\$	175,993	\$	964,451	\$ 920,335
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Due to Other Funds								
Total Liabilities								
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Loan Related			 150,360					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			 150,360					
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows								
of Resources			 150,360					
Fund Balances (Deficits)								
Restricted Unassigned		4,929	 509,068		175,993		964,451	 920,335
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		4,929	 509,068		175,993		964,451	 920,335
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,929	\$ 659,428	\$	175,993	\$	964,451	\$ 920,335

			pecia	l Reven	ue F	unds		
Library	Park	irculation						- 11
Impact	Impact	Impact		TDI			CD 1	Library
 Fees	 Fees	 Fees		TPL		EDA	SB 1	Projects
\$ 701,738 8,433 102	\$ 1,378,728 201	\$ 599,756 64,630 87	\$	-	\$	602,085	\$ 175,961 25	\$ -
\$ 710,273	\$ 1,378,929	\$ 664,473	\$	-	\$	602,085	\$ 175,986	\$ -
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	6	- 15,001 15,001	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
 	 	 	6	15,001				
 710,273	 1,378,929	 664,473		15,001)		602,085	 175,986	
 710,273	 1,378,929	 664,473	(6	15,001)		602,085	 175,986	
\$ 710,273	\$ 1,378,929	\$ 664,473	\$	-	\$	602,085	\$ 175,986	<u>\$ -</u>

CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021 (CONTINUED)

		Spec	ial R	evenue Fu	nds							Total
		ARPA	(CARES	Ear	y Learning Grant	Pe	r Capita	S	B 2		Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets Cash and Investments	¢	106 566	¢	21 211	¢	22 110	¢		¢		¢	0 (28 221
Accounts Receivable	\$	106,566	\$	31,311	\$	32,110	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,638,321 93,522
Interest Receivable		16		5		5						1,178
Loans Receivable		10										1,555,917
Total Assets	\$	106,582	\$	31,316	\$	32,115	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,288,938
Liabilities												
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,062
Due to Other Funds								29,736				935,886
Total Liabilities	_							29,736				936,948
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Loan Related												1,555,917
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources												1,555,917
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources							<u>.</u>	29,736	. <u> </u>			2,492,865
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted		106,582		31,316		32,115						9,717,304
Unassigned								(29,736)				(921,231)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	106,582		31,316		32,115		(29,736)				8,796,073
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	106,582	\$	31,316	\$	32,115	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,288,938

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CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Sp	ecial Reven	ue F	unds	
		Traffic						
		ngestion Relief	Traffic Safety		Gas Tax	Tro	Local nsportation	Dial-A- Ride
Revenues:	1	Kener	 Salety		IdA	11a	iisportation	 Ruc
Use of Money and Property	\$	21	\$ 10	\$	781	\$	533	\$ -
Charges for Services			6,352					
Intergovernmental					438,234		20,000	
Other			 					
Total Revenues		21	 6,362		439,015		20,533	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community Development								
Public Safety								
Public Works							42,258	
Parks and Recreation								
Capital Outlay			 					
Total Expenditures							42,258	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (Under) Expenditures		21	 6,362		439,015		(21,725)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In								
Transfers Out		(25,000)	(5,000)		(212,081)		(5,000)	
Total Other Financing			 		<u>_</u> _		<u>`````````````````````````````````</u>	
Sources (Uses)		(25,000)	 (5,000)		(212,081)		(5,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(24,979)	1,362		226,934		(26,725)	
Fund Balances - July 1, 2020		24,983	 7,694		473,021		445,195	 14,607
Fund Balances - June 30, 2021	\$	4	\$ 9,056	\$	699,955	\$	418,470	\$ 14,607

				Special	Revenue l	Funds			
uccessor Housing	Sa	iblic afety p 172	COPS G	rants	Asset Forfeiture	C	OPS Grant 2018	BG HOME Grant	lousing Rehab
\$ 39,958	\$	20	\$	93	\$ 1	D \$	-	\$ 12,517	\$ 11,231
		111,004	39	1,457	23,42)	50,000	78,762	16,201
 39,958		111,024	39	1,550	23,43)	50,000	 91,279	 27,432
2,120			154	4,733	3,43	4	2,909		231
			217	7,634			217,466	 	
2,120			372	2,367	3,43	4	220,375	 	 231
37,838		111,024	19	9,183	20,00	5	(170,375)	 91,279	 27,201
		(85,000)		(500)				 	 (5,000)
		(85,000)		(500)				 	 (5,000)
37,838		26,024	18	8,683	20,00	5	(170,375)	91,279	22,201
522,477		5,711	84	4,026	43	5	155,720	 39,457	 32,794
\$ 560,315	\$	31,735	\$ 102	2,709	\$ 20,44	1 \$	(14,655)	\$ 130,736	\$ 54,995

Continued

CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds											
						ildflower		eo Del Sol	Joshua Tree Street			
		ED		DIA		andscape		andscape				
Revenues:	C	DBG		RLA	I	Lighting	1	Lighting	Imp	rovement		
Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$	2,476	\$	222	\$	280	\$	_		
Charges for Services	Ŷ		Ŷ	2,	Ψ	74,095	Ŷ	79.376	Ψ			
Intergovernmental				14,333		<i>,</i>		ŕ				
Other												
Total Revenues				16,809		74,317		79,656				
Expenditures:												
Current:												
Community Development												
Public Safety												
Public Works						10,182		19,393				
Parks and Recreation												
Capital Outlay												
Total Expenditures						10,182		19,393				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
over (Under) Expenditures				16,809		64,135		60,263				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Transfers In												
Transfers Out				(5,000)		(7,100)		(14,900)				
Total Other Financing				(-				(4.4.6.6.6)				
Sources (Uses)				(5,000)		(7,100)		(14,900)				
Net Change in Fund Balances				11,809		57,035		45,363				
Fund Balances - June 30, 2010		50		47,216		161,545		206,508		31,287		
Fund Balances - June 30, 2021	\$	50	\$	59,025	\$	218,580	\$	251,871	\$	31,287		

Library Donation		Sky Ranch District					Library Literacy	T	Police echnology Grant	Austin Worthingtor			
\$	-			\$		\$	-	\$	134 36,200	\$	-	\$	-
	16 16		297,057				36,334						
	2,777		165,456				48,630						
	2,777		165,456				48,630						
	(2,761)		131,601				(12,296)						
			(27,375)				(39,969)						
			(27,375)				(39,969)						
	(2,761)		104,226				(52,265)						
	3,502		580,484		(164,419)		122,652		(112,075)		95,750		
\$	741	\$	684,710	\$	(164,419)	\$	70,387	\$	(112,075)	¢	95,750		

Continued

CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Community				Fire		Police		Admin		
	Services		General		Impact		Impact	Impact			
_	Grant		Housing		Fees		Fees		Fees		
Revenues:	¢ O	¢	1 470	¢	174	¢	1.070	¢	1.015		
Use of Money and Property	\$ 9	\$	1,479	\$	174	\$	1,070	\$	1,015		
Charges for Services Intergovernmental	8,800		8,950		48,199		100,930		105,761		
Other	8,800										
Total Revenues	8,809		10,429		48,373		102,000		106,776		
F! '											
Expenditures: Current:											
Community Development									1,770		
Public Safety					1,771		1,770		1,770		
Public Works					1,771		1,770				
Parks and Recreation	8,786										
Capital Outlay	0,700										
cupitur cuituy											
Total Expenditures	8,786				1,771		1,770		1,770		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over (Under) Expenditures	23		10,429		46,602		100,230		105,006		
			10,122		.0,002		100,200		100,000		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers In											
Transfers Out			(5,000)								
Total Other Financing											
Sources (Uses)			(5,000)								
Net Change in Fund Balances	23		5,429		46,602		100,230		105,006		
Fund Balances - June 30, 2010	4,906		503,639		129,391		864,221		815,329		
Fund Balances - June 30, 2021	\$ 4,929	\$	509,068	\$	175,993	\$	964,451	\$	920,335		

					ial R	evenue Fun	ds							
Library Impact Fees	ipact Impact		Impact		et Impact		Impact			STPL		EDA	SB 1	Library Projects
\$ 772 95,851	\$	1,384 499,226	\$	637 315,867	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 76	\$ -				
 96,623		500,610		316,504					 354,505 354,581	 5,000				
1,770		113,711		280,020					2,046	5,000				
 									 159,546	 				
 1,770		113,711		280,020					 161,592	 5,000				
 94,853		386,899		36,484					 192,989					
									640,054					
									 640,054					
94,853		386,899		36,484					833,043					
 615,420		992,030		627,989		(615,001)		602,085	 (657,057)					
\$ 710,273	\$	1,378,929	\$	664,473	\$	(615,001)	\$	602,085	\$ 175,986	\$ -				

CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds											Total	
		ARPA		CARES		y Learning Grant	P	er Capita		SB 2		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
Revenues:	\$	19	\$	64	\$	67	\$		\$		\$	75 770	
Use of Money and Property Charges for Services	Э	19	Ф	04	Ъ	07	Ф	-	Э	-	Э	75,772 1,630,944	
Intergovernmental		147,680		245,794		67,968				103,600		2,112,967	
Other		117,000		213,791		07,200				105,000		16	
Total Revenues		147,699	·	245,858		68,035				103,600	·	3,819,699	
Expenditures:													
Current:													
Community Development				214,542		35,920						254,583	
Public Safety										103,600		268,217	
Public Works												519,355	
Parks and Recreation								29,736				210,410	
Capital Outlay												594,646	
Total Expenditures				214,542		35,920		29,736		103,600		1,847,211	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
over (Under) Expenditures		147,699		31,316		32,115		(29,736)				1,972,488	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):													
Transfers In												640,054	
Transfers Out		(41,117)										(478,042)	
Total Other Financing													
Sources (Uses)		(41,117)										162,012	
Net Change in Fund Balances		106,582		31,316		32,115		(29,736)				2,134,500	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2010												6,661,573	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2021	\$	106,582	\$	31,316	\$	32,115	\$	(29,736)	\$	_	\$	8,796,073	